

Stability measurements of thin foils for RF cavities for the cooling channel

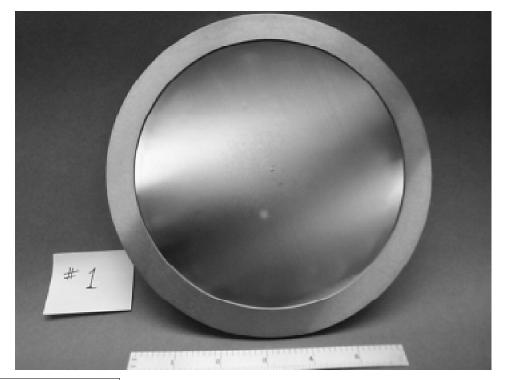
John Corlett, Derun Li

Accelerator and Fusion Research Division LBNL

RF windows for 805 MHz cavities



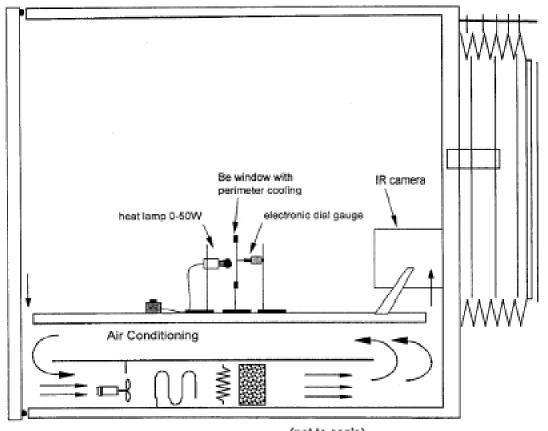
- Be foils 0.005" thick
- 99.8% Be
- Foil diffusion bonded to Be frame
 - 0.063" thick rings
 - 6.3" internal diameter
 - 7.58" outside diameter
- Foil flatness 0.001"
- Pre-stressed



Experimental setup



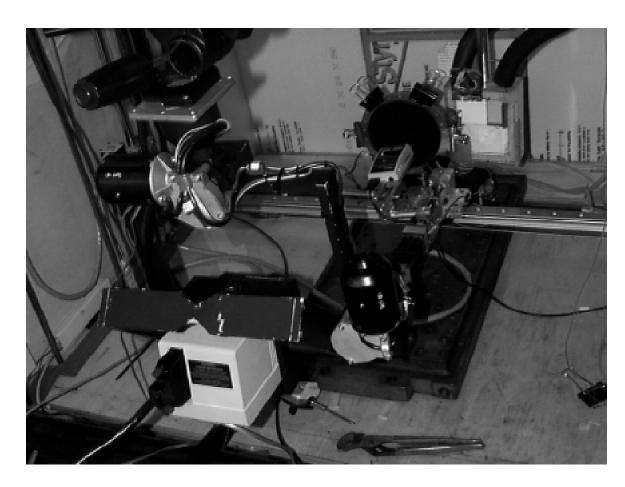
- Window frame cooled with water (room temperature)
- Radiative heating with halogen lamp
- Measure temperature distribution with thermal camera
- Measure deflection with dial gauge
 - Al, Cu, Be foils measured

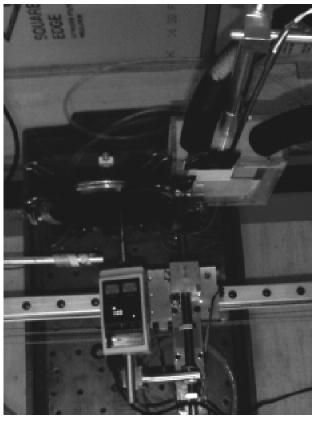


fnot to ecolar

Experimental arrangement





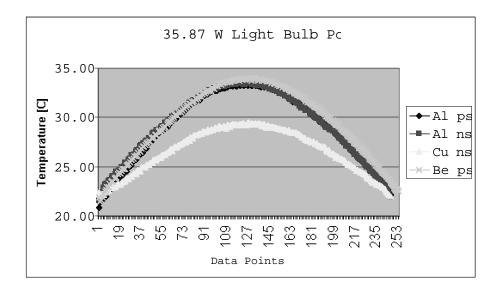


Temperature low-power (36 W)



- Thermal image
 - Be foil

- Scanned temperatures
 - Al, Cu, Be



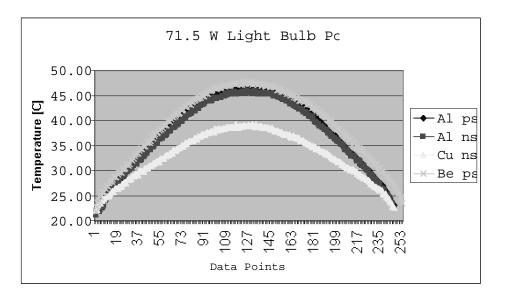
Temperature high-power (71 W)

BERKELEY LAB

- Thermal image
 - Be foil
- SCH+TIF Type in file name >h:\users\Eewindow\IRtisf\EelRel....

 83:98:08 | Paris | Par

- Scanned temperatures
 - Al, Cu, Be

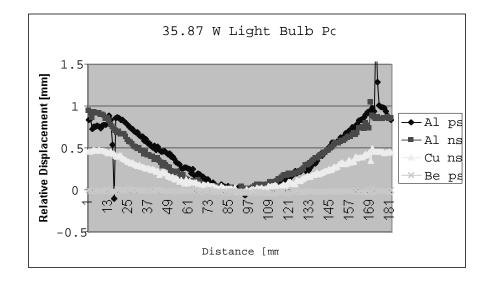


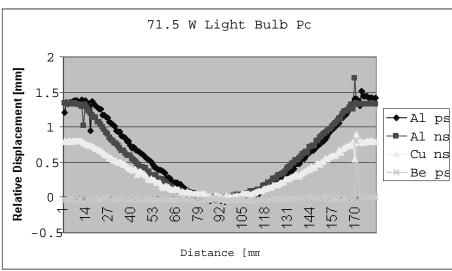
Displacement



• Low power

High power



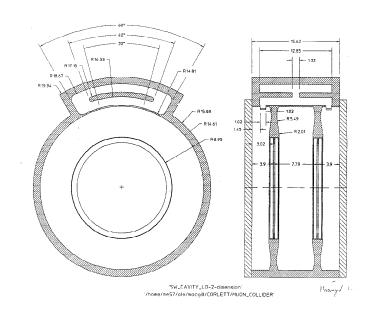


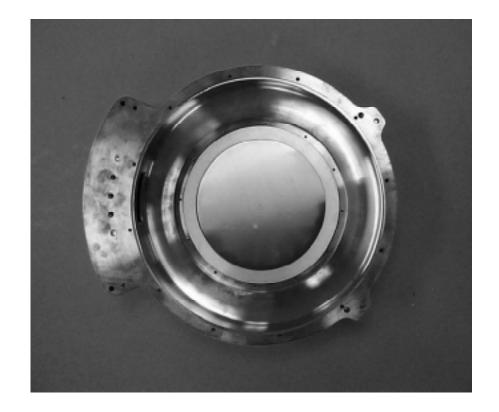
No movement in Be foil

Low-power test cavity



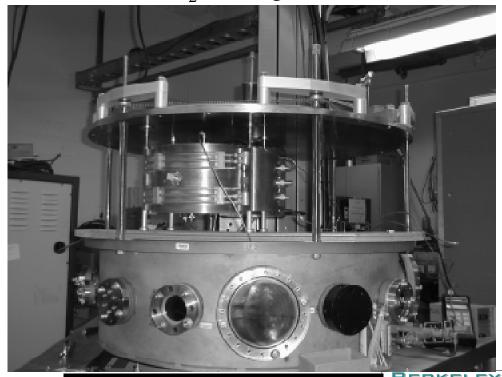
- Test Be windows
 - Mechanical stability
 - RF fields
 - Low temperature

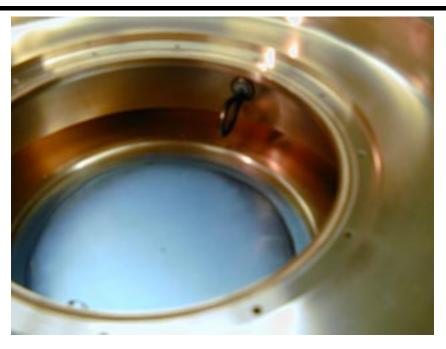


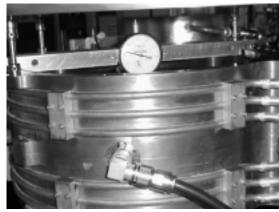




- Low-temperature tests in vacuum tank
 - ≈ 500 W RF input
 - LN₂ cooling









- Tune center cell to 890 MHz
 - Ring insert
 - Power amplifier bandwidth does not extend to 805 MHz
 - More contact resistance
 - Lower Q
- 350 W into center cell
 - No frequency change other than drift with temperature
 - Temperature changes due to boil-off of LN₂ in cooling tubes
 - Temperature of window not measured
 - No measured movement of foil



- Q low and non-reproducible
 - Replace spring contacts
 - Thorough cleaning of contact surfaces
- 500 W RF power in vacuum
 - 1 mTorr
 - Breakdown at feedthroughs
 - Vent connectors
 - Improve vacuum with cryopump

$$\gg < 10^{-5} \text{ Torr}$$

- Thermocouple contact to Be window at low temperature
 - Experiment with fixture
 - Cu tape?



- RF amplifier output reduced
 - DC psup fault
 - repair
- Q low, RF power dissipates in contact resistance not on windows
 - Use halogen lamp in vacuum tank
 - Thermal distribution similar to RF heating
 - Easily controlled
 - Maintain Be window frame at $\approx LN_2$ temperature
- Be window not constrained radially
 - Remove spring contacts and clamp hard to Be frame to investigate differential contraction effects

Future measurements



- Vacuum tank next available for one week in December
- Prepare all equipment and procedures in advance
- Goals
 - Measure temperature rise of window vs. input power
 - RF or radiant heat
 - Measure window deflection vs temperature
 - Measure frequency change vs. deflection
- Extrapolate data to other designs
 - Can Be foils in RF structures maintain mechanical stability?